# TENNESSEE GENERAL ASSEMBLY FISCAL REVIEW COMMITTEE



## FISCAL MEMORANDUM

HB 2002 - SB 2099

February 13, 2018

**SUMMARY OF ORIGINAL BILL:** Allows the direct administration of buprenorphine mono or buprenorphine without use of naloxone by a healthcare provider for the treatment of substance use disorder prescribed by a physician under certain circumstances.

FISCAL IMPACT OF ORIGINAL BILL:

#### **NOT SIGNIFICANT**

**SUMMARY OF AMENDMENT (013005):** Deletes all language after the enacting clause. Allows the direct administration of buprenorphine mono or buprenorphine without use of naloxone by a healthcare provider for the treatment of substance use disorder pursuant to a medical order or prescription order from a physician.

### FISCAL IMPACT OF BILL WITH PROPOSED AMENDMENT:

Unchanged from the original fiscal note.

Assumptions for the bill as amended:

- Based on information provided by the Department of Health (DOH), the proposed legislation will not have a significant impact on the procedures and processes of the health related boards, the Board of Pharmacy, or the DOH.
- Pursuant to Tenn. Code Ann. § 4-29-121, all health related boards are required to be self-supporting over a two-year period. The Board of Medical Examiners had a surplus of \$382,952 in FY15-16, a deficit of \$4,714 in FY16-17, and a cumulative reserve balance of \$2,855,288 on June 30, 2017.
- The Board of Osteopathic Physicians had a surplus of \$102,565 in FY15-16, a surplus of \$91,306 in FY16-17, and a cumulative reserve balance of \$794,231 on June 30, 2017.
- The Board of Pharmacy had a surplus of \$885,058 in FY15-16, a surplus of \$620,117 in FY16-17, and a cumulative reserve balance of \$2,601,038 on June 30, 2017.

# **CERTIFICATION:**

The information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Krista M. Lee, Executive Director

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